

# WEATHER

Fair tonight; probably showers in early morning or Thursday; warmer; light variable winds.

No. 18,963.

WASHINGTON, D. C., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 28, 1912—SIXTEEN PAGES.

The Star is the only afternoon paper in Washington that prints the news of the Associated Press.

CLOSING NEW YORK STOCK QUOTATIONS PAGE 12

ONE CENT.

## AMERICAN TROOPS GO TO NICARAGUA; CONDITIONS ACUTE

Taft Personally Directs Movement of 10th U. S. Infantry From Panama.

PROTECTION IS URGENTLY NEEDED BY AMERICANS

Situation Rivaling Boxer Rebellion in China Said to Exist.

SHOOTING OF WOMEN IS DENIED

Gen. Altschul Condemns Charges of Barbarity Against Rebels. Officials Claim Precedent for "Invasion."

American soldiers will be landed in Nicaragua within the next forty-eight hours.

On advice of conditions said to be so serious as to justify not being made public in Washington, President Taft from Beverly today personally directed the immediate movement of the 10th United States Infantry, now on the Panama Canal Zone, to Nicaragua to guard American lives and property.

United States marines now being rushed south on the transport *Prairie*, via Colon, and the cruiser *California* cannot reach Nicaragua for possibly a week. Dispatches of last night and early today pictured the situation as being so acute that an immediate movement of a large force of troops was necessary.

Col. H. A. Greene in Command.

The 10th, recruited to full war strength and fully equipped for campaigning in the tropics, is to be taken aboard merchant ships in the harbor of Panama and rushed to Corinto. They will be dispatched along the line of the railway from Corinto to Managua, the capital, at points where American Minister Wetzel and Commander Terhune of the gunboat *Annapolis* believe they will afford most protection. Col. Henry A. Greene commands the regiment.

Conditions of conditions bordering on barbarism and acts even worse than those which took the troops of the United States to China to quell the Boxer rebellion have been received at the State Department within the last twenty-four hours. The deaths of two Americans, Dodge and Phillips, after they had been wounded and helpless, following the massacre at Leon August 19, focused attention on the reports of burning of soldiers, starvation of political prisoners held in dungeons and other alleged acts of cruelty.

Protection Urgently Needed.

The latest reports made plain that immediate protection for Americans was necessary and that it probably would not be safe to wait for the arrival of the *Prairie* route. The marines on the *Prairie*, after being landed at Colon, will have to be transported across the Isthmus by rail, and taken on the cruiser *California* to Corinto. That would mean a delay of at least a week. The 10th Infantry can be on the ground in less than two days.

Gen. Francisco Altschul, the representative of the revolutionary junta in Washington, denied the charges of barbarity brought against troops fighting the Nicaraguan government. He alleges that the burning of bodies of soldiers was necessary to proper sanitation, and that it applied alike to dead on both sides. He contends also that American interests would not have suffered if American forces to prevent the capture and operation by the revolutionists of the railway between Managua and Corinto.

Denies Women Were Shot.

Reports that women were shot are emphatically denied by Gen. Altschul, who says that the barbarous methods were employed by the government forces when women were sent to the lines as ammunition carriers. Rebels firing upon flags of truce borne by loyal Nicaraguan troops as well as American marines is said to have been frequent within the last few days. New attacks upon women and children and other non-combatants are reported. The rebel shelling of Managua during the first days of revolution, American Minister Wetzel reported that the firing had been indiscriminate upon the section of the city occupied by the non-combatants and that an American collector of customs had been killed. Several other Americans narrowly escaped injury by burning shells.

The United States is assured that the landing of troops has the approval of the Diaz government. Following a further demand by Minister Wetzel, upon instructions of the State Department, that Americans and their property must be protected from the rebels, the Nicaraguan government is understood to have confessed its inability adequately to meet the situation and frankly to have consented to permit the United States to land its troops to protect its citizens.

War Rights Not Infringed.

The State Department has proceeded upon the conviction that its action involves no infringement of the war-making power of Congress or the President. It points to the fact that there is even now a whole regiment of United States Infantry engaged in policing the Chinese railroad from Peking to Canton. And, of course, American troops have been freely employed in the

## MURDER STORY TOLD

Norman McCleary's Statement of Mrs. Henry's Death.

STATE'S THEORIES UPHELD

Infatuation for Dead Woman's Daughter Led to Strangulation.

STOLE \$31 FROM HIS VICTIM

Hagerstown Man's Alleged Confession May Be Sufficient to Hold Him Tomorrow for Grand Jury.



NORMAN McCLEARY, Who Confessed to the Murder of Mrs. Nannie B. Henry.

HAGERSTOWN, Md., August 28.—That Mrs. Nannie B. Henry, widow of W. G. Henry, whose lifeless body was found lying in a bed in her home here ten days ago, was brutally murdered, is no longer a theory with the state. It is today an established fact. Norman Bruce McCleary, the Hagerstown youth who was a suitor for the hand of Mrs. Henry's daughter, pretty Miss Lupah Henry, and who was taken into custody in Washington a few days after the death of Mrs. Henry, on suspicion of knowing something about the mystery, is no longer a suspect. He is now formally charged with the murder.

McCleary has made a written statement to the state authorities, which bears out in detail the theories along which the authorities have been working since the discovery of Mrs. Henry's body. While the exact wording of the statement, which is understood to be nothing short of a confession, will not be given out by the state's attorney prior to the preliminary hearing tomorrow, it is known that McCleary admitted that he was not in possession of this information, but she chided him for coming to the house when he knew full well that his visits were no longer welcome. McCleary charged Mrs. Henry with being responsible for the death of his daughter, and that she had been driven to the point of suicide by her own actions.

On the evening of Thursday, August 15, McCleary was in the room of Mrs. Henry, who was lying in bed. He was in possession of this information, but she chided him for coming to the house when he knew full well that his visits were no longer welcome. McCleary charged Mrs. Henry with being responsible for the death of his daughter, and that she had been driven to the point of suicide by her own actions.

Enters the Mother's Bedroom.

Infuriated at the reception he had received, McCleary left the house in a fit of anger, and vowing that he sooner or later would get the information desired. Late that night McCleary returned to the house, and entered the room of Mrs. Henry, who was lying in bed. He was in possession of this information, but she chided him for coming to the house when he knew full well that his visits were no longer welcome. McCleary charged Mrs. Henry with being responsible for the death of his daughter, and that she had been driven to the point of suicide by her own actions.

Takes Money From Sticking.

Friday night McCleary returned to the Henry home about midnight, in further search of the letter which he had reason to believe Miss Henry had written to her mother after her arrival in Washington. Turning on an electric light, he hunted in vain for the letter. Seeing Mrs. Henry's stock in the building where her skirt was pulled up as the result of her struggle with the bed, McCleary resumed his search, found a small roll of bills concealed in the stocking. This roll consisted of three ten-dollar bills and three one-dollar bills. McCleary took only \$31 of this money, and then turning off the

## BLEASE IN THE LEAD

Small Margin for Governor in South Carolina Contest.

RETURNS ARE INCOMPLETE

Second Primary Necessary, According to Figures Received.

TILLMAN RETURNS TO SENATE

Result of Vote for Representatives in Congress—Close Figuring on Many Offices.

COLUMBIA, S. C., August 28.—Incomplete returns from yesterday's democratic primary show that Gov. Cole L. Blease has a lead of 477 votes over Judge Ira B. Jones for the gubernatorial nomination, the figures being: Blease, 26,155; Jones, 25,718; Duncan, 1,822.

It is believed that about 25,000 more votes are yet to be heard from. If the results are not materially changed Blease will have a majority and a second race will have to be run between him and Judge Jones.

It is certain Benjamin R. Tillman made a clean sweep over both of his opponents and has been renominated to the United States Senate.

Fails to Get Majority.

Gen. Lyon is ahead of his opponents for the attorney generalship, but it appears he failed to get a majority over them and will have to run a second race with Mr. Peoples. Gov. Lyon received 28,352 votes and Peoples 26,653. John G. Richards has been nominated railroad commissioner and S. L. Carter renominated state treasurer.

The representatives in Congress who seem to be assured of return are BYRNES, Alton and Finley. Ellerbe appears to be the only one in the district elected by Ragsdale. Johnson from the third and Lever from the seventh were unopposed.

Representative Legare is sure of reelection in the first district. He won 2 to 1 over his opponent.

Twenty-eight out of thirty-nine boxes in Charleston gave Judge Jones a lead in that county over Gov. Blease of 92 votes. Complete returns from this (Richland) county give Gov. Blease a majority of sixty-four votes.

Returns Not Complete.

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Returns Not Complete.

## BORDEN HOLDS GROUND AGAINST SUFFRAGETTES

Emphatically Tells Delegation of Women He Cannot Aid Cause in Canada.

REQUIRES THE WARMTH THAT AUDIENCE GIVES

Wilson Says Making Speech to Stenographer Is Like Cruelty to Animals.

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LONDON, August 28.—The Canadian premier, Robert L. Borden, when he faced the suffragettes for the first time today, took a firm stand. He told them very emphatically he had no power to introduce a general measure of suffrage for women in the Dominion of Canada, and that no threats of the employment of militant methods would have any influence on him.

The delegation of the Women's Social and Political Union was introduced by Miss Barratt. She stated that their chief object was to ask the Canadian premier to advise the Canadian government to introduce a measure of suffrage for women in the Dominion of Canada, and that no threats of the employment of militant methods would have any influence on him.

Mr. Borden, in his reply, was very explicit in stating that he had no power and no intention whatever of introducing into the Dominion parliament a measure for the enfranchisement of women. The question of the franchise, he said, devolved on the nine provincial legislatures and the Dominion parliament had no warrant to pass such legislation.

Borden's Statement.

"I should like to say, with all respect, I think the Canadian women are sufficiently capable and intelligent to judge for themselves in this matter. No suggestion of the employment of militant methods, or of any kind of violence, will have the slightest influence."

Mr. Borden later in the day greeted a delegation of the Anti-Suffrage League, which congratulated him on holding his ground against the Women's Social and Political Union. Mr. Borden said he had no complaint to make against the presentation of the case of the women's social and political union, except the suggestion implying a threat of the introduction into Canada of militant tactics.

STORMS SWEEPS WISCONSIN.

Wrecks Buildings and Damages Farms in Large Territory.

SHELL LAKE, Wis., August 28.—Last night's storm, which raged over northwestern Wisconsin, wrecked buildings and damaged farms in a large territory. Many villages and damaged farm property to a large extent, houses were blown from their foundations and the telephone and telegraph service over a large territory.

The American navy will occupy a similar position to that of the protest representing France and Spain in Rome. It is also stated that the Pope will later create a cardinal in Central America, probably Mexico.

Baroness Von Uchtritz Dead.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, August 28.—Baroness von Uchtritz, formerly Viola Lytle, daughter of J. R. Lytle of Delaware, Ohio, died here today at a hospital from spinal trouble.

A younger sister of the baroness, Lady Lytle, died in Berlin, was cremated and her body was buried in the city of Berlin.

Moerlein, Brewer, Dead.

CINCINNATI, August 28.—Jacob Moerlein, a prominent brewer and vice president of the Christian Moerlein Brewing Company of this city, died at his home here today.

Mr. Moerlein had been suffering for several months. He was fifty-seven years old.

## RENEWES HER BATTLE

Mrs. Hutchins Again Seeks \$2,500 Monthly Allowance.

THIRD OF REALTY INCOME

Application of Millionaire's Widow Once Before Denied by Justice Wright.

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Mrs. Rose Keeling Hutchins, widow of Sir John Hutchins, widow of an estate of \$4,000,000, and whose will is being contested, today renewed her application to the court to be allowed \$2,500 per month out of the rents and income from the real estate left by her husband. The amount asked is one-third the income, which is said to be \$7,500 monthly. Mrs. Hutchins also asks an accounting by William J. Dante, trustee of the estate, and monthly statements from him in the future.

Justice Gould issued a rule on the trustee and the other parties in interest, to show cause next Wednesday why the provisions of the will should not be granted.

Petition Once Denied.

A similar petition for a monthly allowance was submitted by Mrs. Hutchins last May, but Justice Wright denied the application. The court at that time pointed out that Mrs. Hutchins must first decide whether to take the provision of 25 per cent of the estate allowed her by the will of her husband or to renounce the provisions of the will and stand on her own right.

William J. Dante was recently appointed collector of the personal estate of the late Sir John Hutchins, but has never been disturbed in the position of trustee under a deed in trust executed by Sir John Hutchins in 1910, under which he holds title to the real estate. This latter action appears to be the basis of the removal of the allowance petition by Mrs. Hutchins.

Provision for Wife.

Under the deed in trust Sir John Hutchins had provided for his wife a monthly allowance of \$1,000. This sum was increased by Chief Justice Clabough to \$2,000 when the wife complained the former sum was inadequate for her household expenses.

The death of Sir John Hutchins April 21 last put an end to this court order and since that time the widow has been without allowance from the estate, except for some life insurance payable to her.

In her petition, Mrs. Hutchins requests the court to decide no matter whether the will is sustained or not, her share in the income from the real estate exceeds \$2,500 monthly and she claims she should be allowed this amount by the court. Attorneys Gittings and Chamberlain appear for the widow.

KAISER TAKES LONG WALK.

In Good Spirits and Pain Has Practically Ceased.

CASSEL, Hesse-Nassau, August 28.—Emperor William felt so well that he spent this morning, and before breakfast enjoyed a long walk in the park surrounding Wilhelmshoehe castle.

The rheumatic pain in the neck from which his majesty had suffered has practically ceased, while the swelling of the glands has almost entirely disappeared and they are resuming their normal condition.

The emperor is in excellent spirits, and the carrying out of the trip to Switzerland, where he is to participate in the army maneuvers, appears more probable than it did a few days ago. A marked improvement in the weather adds to the chances that the original program will be fulfilled.

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## FRENCH OFFICERS' FATE IS SHROUDED IN DOUBT

Were Held as Hostages by the Moors at Marakesh, Morocco.

PARIS, August 28.—Public anxiety was intensified today over the fate of the French officers held as hostages by the Moors at Marakesh, Morocco. The French commander, reported to the foreign office today that the men who had undertaken the dangerous duty had returned from El Hiba's headquarters, where they had in vain tried to effect a ransom and could not ascertain the fate of the prisoners.

French Soldiers Hampered.

The French column, commanded by Col. Mangin, has been given full liberty of action to proceed to the succor of the hostages if such a step should be thought advisable. The French troops, however, are too fully occupied to do anything in that way, as they have their hands full in blocking the progress of the Moorish pretender's forces toward Fez and Mazagan.

Charge Against Spain.

Profound indignation has been aroused throughout France by the report that the Spanish government had given assistance to El Hiba, whom it was alleged they had supplied with arms. The French government has demanded official reports on the subject of its relations with the Moorish pretender, and has threatened to take energetic action if the allegations should be confirmed.

Will Prevent Armed Expedition to Island of Samos.

CANEA, Crete, August 28.—The foreign consulate here has informed the Cretan government that the powers intend to prevent any armed expedition to the Island of Samos, and that British and French cruisers have been dispatched there for that purpose.

It has been discovered that arms and money had been distributed by the committee of national defense for the formation of a corps of Cretan volunteers, who were to seize the Island of Samos and hoist the Greek flag.